**What are the 8 data protection principles?**

* Fair and lawful. ...
* Specific for its **purpose**. ...
* Be adequate and only for what is needed. ...
* Accurate and up to date. ...
* Not kept longer than needed. ...
* Take into account people's rights. ...
* Kept safe and secure. ...

**What laws are used to protect information and the sharing of data?**

**Information** can be **shared** lawfully within the parameters of the **Data** Protection Act 2018 and the General **Data** Protection Regulation (GDPR). ... As long as it does not increase risk, practitioners should inform the person if they need to share their **information** without consent.

**What are the key principles of data protection?**

**Broadly, the seven principles are :**

* Lawfulness, **fairness** and **transparency**.
* **Purpose** limitation.
* Data minimization.
* **Accuracy**.
* Storage limitation.
* Integrity and confidentiality (security)
* Accountability.

The **Data Protection Act** 2018 controls how your personal information is used by organisations, businesses or the government. ... Everyone responsible for using personal **data** has to follow strict rules called '**data protection** principles'. They must make sure the information is: used fairly, lawfully and transparently.